CLAIMS

What is claimed:

 A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:

initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate;

depositing a high-k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film;

depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material, thereby forming a sandwick structure;

completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure; and

completing fabrication of the device.

- 2. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a silicon wafer or a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer.
- A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and

wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

- 4. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film.
 - A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one metal selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and tantalum (Ta).

5

5

G0065

- 6. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film comprises a metal oxide.
- 7. A method as recited in claim 1,
 - wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and

wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

- 8. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure comprises: depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film; patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode, thereby completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack
- 9. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
- 10. A method as recited in claim 8,
 - wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and

wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.

- 11. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises:
 - forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack;
 - forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and



silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.

12. A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:

initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate, wherein the substrate comprises a silicon wafer or a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer;

depositing a high\k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film;

depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material, thereby forming a sandwich structure;

completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure; and

completing fabrication of the device.

13. A method as recited in claim 12,

> wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and

> wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

> > 9

5

G0065

14. A method as recited in claim 13,

wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film,

wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one metal selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and tantalum (Ta), and

wherein the thin metal film comprises a metal oxide.

15. A method as recited in claim 14,

wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and

wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

16. A method as recited in claim 15, wherein completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure comprises:

depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film;
patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and
etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode,
thereby completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate
dielectric stack

- 17. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
- 18. A method as recited in claim 17,
 - wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and
 - wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.
- 19. A method as recited in claim 18, wherein completing fabrication of the device

5



comprises:

- forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack;
- forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and
- silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.
- 20. A semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:
 - a first ultra-thin nitride film deposited on a semiconductor substrate;
 - a high-k material deposited on the first ultra-thin nitride film;
 - a second ultra-thin nitride film deposited on the high-k material, thereby forming a sandwich structure; and
 - the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack formed from the sandwich structure.